



United Arab Emirates
Ministry of Education
Sharjah Educational Bureau / Eastern Zone

Wadi Al-Hilo School for Basic
and Secondary Education for Boys

English Language

Get ready for the final Exam

**Grade 9
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1. Reading Comprehension

Passage (1)

Read the following passage. then answer the questions below:

There are four seasons in the UAE. Summer is always hot and humid. It starts in June and ends in September. Autumn is from October to the beginning of December. Winter lasts from December to February. Winter is usually warm in the daytime, but it is a little cold at night. There is always a little rain, but sometimes there is a lot. Spring is from March to the end of May.

The average rainfall Degrees from 100 mm. to 250 mm in one year. There is often no rain at all in June, July, August and September. The average temperature in summer is around 40 degrees centigrade. but sometimes it rises up to 48 degrees centigrade in the daytime. Average temperatures are 20 in the middle of winter and sometimes it goes down to zero.

Questions:

A) Fill in the following table:

Seasons	Months	Average Temperature	Temperature
Summer	From _____ to _____	40	Maximum: _____
Winter	From _____ to _____	_____	Minimum: _____

B) Mark the following sentences (✓) or (×):

- 1- The UAE has forty seasons. ()
- 2- There is always heavy rain in winter in the UAE. ()
- 3- The passage is about the weather conditions in the UAE. ()

C) Choose the correct answer from a ,b , c or d:

- 1- Summer always is _____ in the UAE .
a) hot and humid
b) cold
c) warm
d) rainy
- 2- It usually rains in the UAE in _____.
a) March
b) February
c) May
d) October

Read the following passage. then answer the questions below:

Any location on Earth is described by two numbers--its latitude and its longitude. If a pilot or a ship's captain wants to specify position on a map, these are the "lines" they would use.

On the Earth, lines of latitude are circles of different size. The longest is the equator, whose latitude is zero, while at the poles--at latitudes 90° north and 90° south (or -90°) the circles shrink to a point.

Lines of longitude ("meridians") extend from pole to pole. Every meridian must cross the equator. The Greenwich meridian is the zero longitude. It is located at the eastern edge of London, the British capital. It divides the world into east and west. Lines of longitude are 1800 east and 1800 west.

Questions:

A) Fill in the following table:

Lines	Most famous line	Divides the world into
Longitude	_____	_____ and _____
_____	_____	East and west

B) Mark the following sentences (✓) or (X):

- 1- There is one line of latitude. ()
- 2- Pilots depend on lines of longitude and lines of latitude. ()
- 3- London lies on the zero longitude. ()

C) Choose the correct answer from a ,b , c or d:

- 1- All lines of latitude, North and South together, are _____.
a) 90
b) 180
c) 360
d) 390
- 2- The British capital is _____.
a) London
b) England
c) Paris
d) Abu Dhabi
- 3- The zero latitude is _____.
a) Greenwich
b) edge
c) point
d) The Equator

Read the following passage. then answer the questions below:

The climate of the UAE generally is hot and dry. The hottest months are July and August, we can say that there are four seasons in the UAE. Summer starts in June and ends in September. Autumn is from October to the beginning of December. Winter lasts from December to February. Winter is usually warm in the daytime, but it is a little cold at night. There is always a little rain, but sometimes there is a lot.

Spring is from March to the end of May. The average rainfall is from 100 mm. to 250 mm. in one year. There is often no rain at all in June, July, August and September. The average temperature in summer is around 40 degrees centigrade, but sometimes it rises up to 48 degrees centigrade in the daytime. Average temperature is 20 in the middle of winter and sometimes it goes down to zero.

Questions:

A. Complete the following table: (4 marks)

Season	Months	Average temperature
Winter	From December to February	_____ degrees
Spring	From _____ to May	_____ degrees
Summer	From June to September	_____ degrees
Autumn	From October to _____	_____ degrees

B) Mark the following sentences (✓) or (X):

1. The UAE has four seasons. ()
2. There is always heavy rain in winter in the UAE. ()
3. Sometimes the temperature goes down to zero in the middle of winter. ()

C) Choose the correct answer from a ,b , c or d:

1. Summer is always _____ in the UAE
a. cold
b. rain
c. warm
d. hot
2. It usually rains in the UAE in _____.
a. June
b. February
c. August
d. October
3. There is often no rain at all in _____.
a. March
b. June
c. January
d. April

Read the following passage. then answer the questions below:

Alexandria is the second largest city in Egypt .Its population is about five million. It lies north-west of the Nile Delta. Alexandria was founded around 331 BC by Alexander the Great, and it was the capital of Egypt until the Arabs set up Fustat as a new capital in 641 AD. It is considered an important industrial centre because of its natural gas and oil pipelines that stretch from Suez.

Alexandria is famous for the its Lighthouse (one of the Ancient Seven Wonders) and its Library (the largest library in the ancient world). People from other cities visit Alexandria in summer to enjoy the sea and the fine weather. That is why the city is usually crowded in summer.

There are two main airports in Alexandria; "Al-Nozha" and "Burj – Al-Arab". The main sport that interests Alexandrians is soccer. Alexandria was one of the three host cities of the African Nations Cup in 2006. Alexandria University was established in 1938 and It is now the second largest university in Egypt. Ahmed Zewail the winner of the 1999 Nobel Prize in Chemistry is the most famous graduate of Alexandria University.

Questions:

A- Fill in the following table with the missing information:

Alexandria	
Population	
Location	
Airports	
Main sport	

B- Mark the following with (P) or (X) :

- Alexandria was founded by Alexander the Great. { }
- Alexandria is usually crowded in summer. { }
- Ahmed Zewail won the Nobel Prize in 1990. { }

C- Choose the correct answer from a , b, c or d:

- Arabs set up Fustat as a new capital in _____.
a- 1938
b- 331 BC
c- 2006
d- 641 AD
- The _____ was one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World.
a- Lighthouse
b- university
c- Nile Delta
d- Nobel Prize
- Oil pipelines stretch from _____ to Alexandria.
a- Suez
b- Fustat
c- Al- Nozha
d- Burj Al- Arab

Read the following passage, and then answer the questions below:

The Republic of Yemen is in the Middle East. It lies in the south-west of Asia. It is bordered on the north by Saudi Arabia, on the south by the Arab Sea , on the east by the Sultanate of Oman and on the west by the Red Sea.

Sana'a is its capital and the largest city. Other main cities are Taiz , Hodidah and Aden which is the free Zone and the biggest port in Yemen. Yemen covers an area of 527,970 square kilometers. Arabic is the official language, with English being the most widely used second language. Islam is the religion of the majority of the population except for a Jewish minority. The climate of Yemen is a desert climate. Field Marshal Ali Abdullah Saleh, born in 1942, is the current president of Yemen.

The Yemeni-UAE relations were established in 1971. The first visit of Sheikh Zayed -may Allah rest his soul in peace - to Sana'a was in 1977. In 1986 he laid the foundation stone for rebuilding the historic Marib Dam.

Questions:

A- Complete the following table:

Country	The Republic of Yemen
Continent	
Region	
Land area	
	the current president

B- Mark the following with (T) or (F) :

- | | |
|--|----------|
| 1- Yemen has borders with Bahrain. | { } |
| 2- The climate of Yemen is a desert climate. | { } |
| 3- Sheikh Zayed was born in 1942. | { } |

C- Choose the correct answer from a , b, c or d :

- | | |
|---|------------|
| 1- _____ is the biggest port in Yemen. | |
| a- Sana'a | b- Aden |
| c- Taiz | d- Hodidah |
| 2- The UAE diplomatic relations with Yemen was established in ____. | |
| a- 1977 | b- 1942 |
| c- 1986 | d- 1971 |
| 3- The official language of The Republic of Yemen is _____. | |
| a- Arabic | b- French |
| c- English | d- German |

Passage (2)

Read the following passage. then answer the questions below:

Why do we sometimes see a rainbow after it rains? Why don't we see them all the time? White light is made of all the colours of the rainbow, for example red, orange and green. The sun sends white light to the Earth. We usually see only this white light. However, when white light from the sun hits a raindrop, or tiny piece of rain, it is scattered. Scattered means sent in different directions. When white light scatters, it becomes all the colours of the rainbow again.

So why don't we see rainbows all the time? Because the sun is usually behind clouds during a rain storm. We only see rainbows if the sun comes out while there are still raindrops in the air. And you only see a rainbow if your back is to the sun.

Questions:

A. Choose the main idea of the text:

1. The text is about _____.
 - a. white light
 - b. sun
 - c. rainbows
 - d. rain

B. choose the best answer that complete the sentences:

1. The white light is made of the colours of the _____.
 - a. sun
 - b. rainbow
 - c. orange
 - d. Earth
2. The white light _____ when it hits a raindrop
 - a. sent
 - b. scatters
 - c. become
 - d. hits
3. When the sun comes out while there are raindrops in the air we see _____.
 - a. rainbow
 - b. earth
 - c. clouds
 - d. colours

C. What do the underlined words mean:

1. The word usually means _____.
 - a. sometimes
 - b. always
 - c. never
 - d. often
2. The word again means _____.
 - a. rarely
 - b. line
 - c. another time
 - d. way

D. Answer the following questions:

1. Where is the sun usually during a rain storm?
 - a. behind the earth
 - b. behind clouds
 - c. in front of earth
 - d. in front of clouds
2. What does the sun sends to the earth?
 - a. White light
 - b. cool
 - c. raindrop
 - d. clouds

Read the following passage. then answer the questions below:

What's a scientific method? It works like this. Firstly, a scientist makes a hypothesis, which means an idea of the truth. Then he or she tests the hypothesis. Scientists can test hypothesis in two ways. They can do an experiment, which means a test in a laboratory. Scientists study what happens during the experiment. Or they can do research, which means looking up information. They usually do research in a library or, nowadays, on the internet. With research, scientists look at what happened in the past.

In both cases-experiments and research- they collect data. Data is information before it is organized. Then they display the results in a table or graph. Then they draw conclusions. Conclusions are what you learn from an experiment. The hypothesis is proved or disproved.

Questions:

A) The text is about _____.

- a- science
- c- data

- b- display
- d- test

B) Circle the correct answer from a , b , c or d ;

1- A scientist can test a hypothesis in _____ ways.

- a- three
- c- two

- b- four
- d- five

2- A scientist puts the _____ in a table or graph.

- a- result
- c- research

- b- conclusion
- d- data

3- Scientists make experiments in a _____.

- a- laboratory
- c- factory

- b- bathroom
- d- basket

C) What do the underlined words mean?

1- method line 1 means _____.

- a- way
- c- experiment

- b- hypothesis
- d- trip

2- data line 9 means _____.

- a- cases
- c- information

- b- experiment
- d- ways

D) Circle the correct answer from a , b , c ,or d:

1- What do scientists do in a library or on the internet?

- a- homework
- c- research

- b- experiments
- d- test

2- What's idea of the truth?

- a- test
- c- hypothesis

- b- library
- d- lab

Read the following passage. then answer the questions below:

Sydney is Australia's largest and liveliest city, with population of over 3,000,000. It is famous for its modern buildings, roads and places of historical interest. The city has many attractions, including beaches, the zoo, the Koala Bear Park and the Opera House.

Some say that the Opera House is one of the most beautiful examples of modern architecture in the world. Sydney also has a variety of restaurants, theatres and sport clubs. The city also has a very modern transport system.

Sydney has a very pleasant and temperate climate. The average temperature is 21.7 c in summer and 12.6 c in winter.

Questions:

A- Fill in the space in the following sentence:

1. The above passage is talking about _____.

a- Sydney

b- parks

c- seasons

d- roads

B- Choose the correct answer from a , b, c or d to complete the following sentences:

1- Sydney is a large city in _____.

a- America

b- Africa

c- Australia

d- Asia

2- The city has many attractions, including _____.

a- schools

b- hospitals

c- shop

d- beach

3- There is a very -----transport system in Sydney.

a- modern

b- old

c- big

d- large

C- What do the underlined words refer to ?

1- The opposite of the word variety line 6 is _____.

a- boring

b- interesting

c- wonderful

d- exciting

2- The word pleasant line 8 means _____.

a- type

b- color

c- place

d- city

D- Answer the following questions from a, b, c or d :

1- What is Sydney famous for? It's famous for its _____.

a- mountains.

b- lakes.

c- modern buildings. d- animals.

2- How many population does Sydney have ?

a- Over 3 thousand

b- Over 30 million

c- Less than 3 million

d- Over 3 million

Read the following passage. then answer the questions below:

China is a communist nation that covers a vast territory in eastern Asia; it is the most populous country in the world. China is a very large country. The capital is Beijing. It is in the northeast of the country. It is near the coast. There are several mountain ranges in China. The main mountains are in the southeast .They are called the Himalayas. There are also mountains in the northeast. They are called the Xia Hinggang Range.

There are thousands of rivers in the country. They start in the high land in the centre of the country. The Yellow River flows to the coast near Beijing. The Yangtze River flows to the coast near the city of Hong Kong. There are also many lakes on the river. The Mekong flows south into Laos and Vietnam.

In the north of the country, there is a large desert. It is called the Gobi. There is a large island called Hainan in the southwest.

Questions:

1- The passage is mainly about _____.

- a- Asia
- c-Vietnam

- b- China
- d- Japan

B- Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d:

1- The capital of China is _____.

- a- Beijing
- c- Hong Kong

- b- Yangtze
- d- Tokyo

2- The Yangtze River flows to the coast near the city of _____.

- a- Vietnam
- c- Hong Kong

- b- Gobi
- d- Hainan

3- The main mountains in China are called the _____.

- a- Laos
- c- Beijing

- b- Yangtze
- d- Himalayas

C- What do the underlined words mean ?

1- city means a large _____.

- a- lake
- c- mountain

- b- river
- d- town

2- island means _____.

- a- a piece of land surrounded by water
- c- a big city

- b- a high mountain
- d- a long river

D- Answer the following questions:

1- What can you see in the north of the country?

- a- a large desert
- c- a high land

- b- a large river
- d- the Himalayas

2- Where are the main mountains in China? In the _____.

- a- northwest
- c- southeast

- b- northeast
- d- southwest

Read the following passage. then answer the questions below:

Anita Valdez liked to climb trees when she was a child. From there she could see the whole town. If there was a fire, Anita was the first to know the news. When she wasn't gathering news, Anita liked to watch TV. When Anita grew older, she needed a job. Because of her interests in both news and TV, she became a TV news reporter. Anita worked at a TV station in a small town in Colorado. The station was so small. Anita had to do many jobs. Anita called other reporters to get important news from far away places. She gave sports, news, and weather reports.

One morning Anita was driving through a snowstorm on her way to work. She came to a big truck turned over on the way. She called the people who worked the cameras to take pictures of the accident. She talked to the truck driver. Later, in her news program, she told people about the dangerous road. Anita often had to work late because she had to wait for the finish of the important news stories. But when she finally got home, she would turn on the TV. She still likes watching TV.

Questions:

A- Fill in the space in the following sentence :

1. The main idea in this text is _____.
a. Anita's club
b. Anita's family
c. Anita's interests and jobs
d. Anita's house

B- Choose the correct answers from a, b, c or d:

2. Anita needed a job because _____.
a. she was alone
b. she was fond of reporting news
c. she grew older
d. she likes money
3. On Anita's way to work she saw a _____.
a. car accident
b. truck accident
c. bus accident
d. TV program
4. When she got home after work _____.
a. she watches TV
b. she plays sports
c. she listen to music
d. she plays computer games

C-What do the underlined words refer to :

5. The word interests means _____.
a. likes
b. jobs
c. dislikes
d. sports
6. The opposite of the word dangerous is _____.
a. wonderful
b. interesting
c. not safe
d. safe

D. Answer the following questions:

7. Where did Anita work? She worked in _____.
a. Canada
b. Brazil
c. Colorado
d. Argentina
8. What are Anita interests?
a. talking about the weather
b. playing sports
c. watching TV and knowing the news
d. driving

Read the following passage. then answer the questions below:

I am going to compare between two large countries Pakistan and Turkey. Pakistan is in Western Asia, whereas Turkey is in Eastern Europe.

Pakistan is bordered in the east by India, in the west by Iran and Afghanistan, and in the north by China. Turkey has borders with Bulgaria in the north, Georgia in the north-east, Armenia and Iran in the east and Iraq and Syria in the south. There are many similarities between the two countries, but there are also some differences. In comparing these two countries, I'm going to look at two areas: population and land.

First population, both countries have a large number of population, but Pakistan's population is much bigger than Turkey's. The population of Pakistan is 148 million, whereas Turkey's population is less than half that size, at 68 million. Pakistan has a higher density of population than Turkey. In other words we have more people living in Pakistan than in Turkey.

Secondly, land. Both countries are large. In fact, they almost have the same size. Pakistan has an area of 803,000 square kilometers; while Turkey is slightly smaller at 779,000 square kilometers. Both countries have mountains. The highest point of Pakistan is K2. It's 8,611 metres high. The highest point of Turkey is Mount Ararat. That stands at 5,166 metres.

Questions:

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The passage is about two large countries _____.
a- Asia & Turkey
b- Pakistan & Turkey
c- Pakistan & India
d- Iran and Afghanistan
2. Turkey doesn't have borders with _____.
a- Bulgaria
b- Armenia
c- Iran
d- China
3. Pakistan lies in the continent of _____.
a- Europe
b- Asia
c- Africa
d- Australia

B- Choose the correct answer:

- 4. The word similarities means _____.
a- Different things b- Close things
c- Far things d- Same things**
- 5. The word population means the number of _____.
a- plants b- people
c- mountains d- rivers**

C- Answer the following questions:

- 6. Which country has a higher density of population?**
a- Turkey b- Iraq c- Pakistan d- Syria
- 7. How high is Mount Ararat? It's _____ metres high?**
a- 8,611 b- 144 c- 5,166 d- 148

Read the following passage. then answer the questions below:

People who travel in winter from the Gulf to London are often surprised that the sun does not rise in London until 7.30 or 8.00. Why does the sun rise at different times in different places? There are two factors that affect the time of sunrise. The first factor is related to the distance of the place from the Greenwich meridian. A meridian is line of longitude. The Greenwich meridian, which runs through London, is 0 line of longitude. The second factor is related to the distance of the place from the Equator.

Let's consider the first factor. The sun rises in the east. This means that, as we travel to the west, we leave the sun behind, so sunrise is later. For example, in Muscat on July 1st, sunrise is at 5.22, whereas in Damascus, sunrise on the same day of the year is at 6.31. This because Damascus is around 2,500 kilometers closer to Greenwich than Muscat.

What about the second factor? The earth is tilted slightly towards the sun. So if you travel north from the Equator, you are actually moving closer to the sun. Take Tehran, for example,. The capital of Iran is on almost the same line of longitude as Abu Dhabi, but it is 1,400 kilometers north. Sunrise on July 1st is 5.25- a quarter of an hour earlier than in Abu Dhabi

Questions:

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- The text is mainly about the _____ in some cities.

a- rainfall

b- sunrise

c- sunset

d- temperature

2- In Abu Dhabi on July 1st, sunrise is at _____.

a- 5.25

b- 5.40

c- 5.15

d- 5.10

3- The _____ runs through London.

a- longitude

b- factor

c- Equator

d- meridian

B) Circle the meanings of the underlined words in the passage:

4- The word This refers to the _____.

a- sunrise

b- distance

c- west

d- factor

5- The word distance means _____.

a- longitude

b- how far

c- kilometer

d- almost

6- The word slightly means _____.

a- actually

b- surprising

c- earlier

d- a little bit

C) Choose the most suitable answer from a, b, c or d:

7- Which of the following is a factor that affects the time of sunrise?

a- longitude

b- temperature

c- the distance from the Equator

d- the location of the city

8- What will happen if you travel to the north of the Equator? You will ____.

a- be closer to Greenwich

b- leave the sun behind

c- be closer to the north pole

d- be closer to the sun

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

We all know that the earth orbits the sun. It takes 365 days or one year for the earth to return to the same position. But the earth also spins on its own axis in 24 hours. This rotation causes sunrise and sunset.

The length of the daylight at a particular place changes from one month to the next. Take New York City, for example. On June 21st, the sun rises at about 5.25 a.m. and sets at about 8.30 p.m., whereas on December 21st, sunrise is at about 7.15 a.m. and sunset is at about 4.30 p.m. This means that daytime in New York lasts around 15 hours in summer and only nine and quarter hours in winter.

Why does the length of daylight change? The cause is the site of the earth. The axis of the earth is tilted 23.5 degrees towards the Sun. This means that places at or near the North Pole are on the Sun's side of the Earth for 24 hours a day during some months of the year, whereas they are on the other side of the Earth for 24 hours a day during other months of the year. For example, on July 21st at Thule in Greenland, there are 24 hours of daylight, whereas there are 24 hours on night-time on December 21st.

As you travel towards the Equator, the length of the day changes. For instance, Miami is 1750 kilometres south of New York. On July 21st, the sun rises at 6.30 a.m. and sets at about 8.15p.m. This means Miami has about 14 hours of daylight in summer. In winter, on the other hand, sunrise is at about 7.00 and sunset at about 5.30. So Miami has about ten and a half hours of daylight in winter. When you get closer to the Equator, there is no much difference in the number of daylight hours in summer and winter.

Questions:

A- Answer the following question:

1. The text is mainly about _____.
 - a. sunrise and sunset times
 - b. the length of daytime in some cities
 - c. the Equator
 - d. the North and South Poles

B- Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

2. The Earth orbits the Sun in _____.
 - a. one day
 - b. 24 hours
 - c. 356 days
 - d. one year
3. The Earth rotates on its axis in _____.
 - a. one hour
 - b. one day
 - c. 356 days
 - d. one year
4. In New York on 21st June, there is about _____.
 - a. 3 hours of daylight
 - b. 10 hours of daylight
 - c. 12 hours of daylight
 - d. 15 hours of daylight

C- a. What is the meaning of the underlined words ?

5. the word particular (Paragraph 2) means ____.

- a- different** **b- common**
c- specific **d- true**

6. the word changes (Paragraph 4) means ____.

- a- varies** **b- rises**
c- lasts **d- sets**

C- b. What do the underlined words refer to?

7. The word It (Paragraph 1) refers to ____.

- a- axis**
c- position
- b- sun**
d- earth

8. The word they (Paragraph 3) refers to ____.

- a- places** **b- kilometres**
c- hours **d- months**

D- Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

9. Why does Thule have 24 hours of daylight in summer? Because _____.

- a. the lean of the Earth is 23.5 degrees
- b. it is near the South Pole
- c. it is near the North Pole
- d. it is on the other side of the Earth

10. How much daylight does Miami have in winter? About ____.

- a. 1½ hours more than New York**
b. 1½ hours less than New York
c. one hour more than New York
d. one hour less than New York

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

Mrs. Willson and Mrs. Noor are sisters. Mrs. Wilson lives in a house in Shasrjah and Mrs. Noor lives in a villa in Dubai. One day Mrs. Wilson visited her sister. Mrs. Wilson saw tears in her sister's eyes. "What's the matter?" she asked. Mrs. Noor said " My cat Sammy died last night and I have no place to burry him." She began to cry again. Mrs. Wilson was very sad because she knew her sister loved the cat very much.

Suddenly, Mrs. Wilson said " I can burry your cat in my garden and you can come and visit him anytime."

Mrs. Noor stopped crying and the two sisters had tea together. It was five o'clock and Mrs. Wilson had to go home. She put on her hat, coat and gloves and Mrs. Noor put the dead Sammy into a shopping bag. Mrs. Wilson took the shopping bag and walked to the bus stop. When she got on the bus, she sat down and put the shopping bag on the floor beside her feet. Then she began to read the newspaper. When the bus arrived at her bus stop she got off the bus and walked for about two minutes. Suddenly, she remembered she left the bag on the bus.

Questions:

A- Answer the following question:

1. The text is about a lady whose _____ has died.

- a. parrot
- c. dog

- b. sister
- d. cat

B- Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

2. Mrs. Wilson went home _____.

- a. by bus
- c. on a bicycle

- b. by taxi
- d. on foot

3. Sammy the cat lived with _____.

- a. Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Noor
- c. Mrs. Noor's sister

- b. Mrs. Wilso
- d. Mrs. Noor

4. Mrs. Wilson left the _____ in the bus.

- a. hat
- c. shopping bag

- b. newspaper
- d. handbag

C- Choose the nearest meaning to the underlined words

5. the word burry (Paragraph 1) means _____.

- a- to put a dead body under the ground
- b- to feed a cat
- c- to play with animals
- d- to do something quickly

6. the word garden (Paragraph 2) means _____.

- a- a building where goods are made
- b- a place for playing games
- c- a place for parking cars
- d- a place of ground with plants and trees

D- Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

9. Why was Mrs. Noor sad? Because _____.

- a. Mrs. Wilson was sad
- b. Mrs. Wilson took the bus
- c. her saister came to visit her
- d. her cat died

10. What did Mrs. Wilson do? She _____.

- a. put her gloves in the bag
- b. prepared dinner with her sister
- c. burried the cat in the garden
- d. took the cat with her on the bus

2. Vocabulary

A. Choose the most suitable words to complete the sentences:

1. There are 4 _____ in the table.
a) longitude s
b) columns
c) lights
d) latitudes
2. A scientist usually works in a _____.
a) responsibility
b) industry
c) society
d) laboratory
3. A _____ is a way of doing something.
a) method
b) latitude
c) degree
d) prize
4. _____ from the east, and sunset at the west.
a) Meridian
b) Sunrise
c) Distance
d) Safety
5. The _____ rainfall in this month is 37 mm.
a) natural
b) scientific
c) average
d) most
6. The main line of latitude is the _____.
a) Greenwich
b) Equator
c) Meridian
d) longitude
7. We use the _____ to display the data or the results.
a) diagram
b) dust
c) light
d) vapour
8. The lines of _____ runs from the north pole to the south pole.
a) latitude
b) equator
c) longitude
d) graph
9. Our teachers _____ the lessons and clarified the difficulties
a) collected
b) proved
c) arrested
d) explained
10. The scientists follow the _____ method to prove their hypothesis
a) science
b) scientist
c) scientific
d) instruction
11. The person who arrests criminals is a _____.
a) thief
b) criminal
c) honest
d) policeman
12. U.A.E. has _____ with Oman and Saudi Arabia.
a) abilities
b) boarders
c) continents
d) lights
13. Lines of latitude and _____ are used to give the position of a place on the earth.
a) longitude
b) research
c) row
d) region

14. Scientist usually works in _____.

- a) station
- c) industry

- b) laboratory
- d) society

15. How can you _____ that your experiment is right ?

- a) prove
- c) cover

- b) occupy
- d) achieve

16. Somebody who breaks the law is a _____.

- a) criminal
- c) doctor

- b) cyclist
- d) teacher

17. A judge is a person who works in the _____.

- a) hospital
- c) company

- b) shop
- d) court

18. A _____ is used to locate directions.

- a) compass
- c) row

- b) research
- d) region

19. Scientists usually follow the _____ method .

- a) light
- c) hard

- b- easy
- d- scientific

20. The _____ rainfall in this month is 37mm .

- a) natural
- c) permanent

- b) average
- d) scientific

21. _____ is the study of how things work .

- a) History
- c) Geography

- b) Science
- d) Arabic

22. Jordan is in _____ in the Middle East region.

- a) Africa
- c) Australia

- b) Europe
- d) Asia

23. The word location means _____.

- a) what something is
- c) where something is

- b) who something is
- d) why something is

24. A _____ is a kind of picture.

- a) chair
- c) diagram

- b) bed
- d) book

25. We see the sky blue, because the blue light _____ more than the other colours.

- a) proves
- c) scatters

- b- collects
- d- tests

26. The Arabian _____ is between the Red Sea and the Gulf .

- a) Mountain
- c) Sea

- b) Peninsula
- d) Lake

27. Putting facts in a _____ makes it easier to understand.

- a) table
- c) river

- b) desk
- d) bag

28. We started to _____ money for the poor people.

- a) colour
- c) collect

- b) learn
- d) listen to

29. The white _____ contains all the other seven colours (rainbow).

- a) light
- c) vocabulary

- b) fog
- d) sea

30. There are many _____ that affect the average temperature.

- a) people
- c) islands

- b) schools
- d) factors

31. The _____ between Al-Yahar and Al-Ain is 27 K.M

- a) distance
- c) weather

- b) rainfall
- d) idea

32. Canada lies on the North _____. It is a very cold country.

- a) town
- c) country

- b) Pole
- d) city

33. There has been a big _____ in the number of visitors for the zoo.

- a) decrease
- c) research

- b) rainfall
- d) instruction

34. When you boil water, you see _____ going out.

- a) vapour
- c) data

- b) diagram
- d) dust

35. A scientist _____ things to find out the fact.

- a. tests
- c. displays

- b. collects
- d. proves

36. Plants need _____ and water to live.

- a. fruit drink
- c. cola

- b. fruit juice
- d. sunlight

73. Write an _____ that anyone can understand.

- a. explanation
- c. nature

- b. question
- d. scientist

38. Lines of _____ run from the north pole to the south pole.

- a. Greenwich
- c. Equator

- b. Latitude
- d. Longitude

39. The _____ temperature is very high today.

- a. graph
- c. column

- b. table
- d. average

40. Light from the sun _____ when it hits water vapour.

- a. influences
- c. scatters

- b. affects
- d. rains

41. The main line of latitude is the _____.

- a. Greenwich
- c. Meridian

- b. Equator
- d. Cancer

42. There are no _____ rivers in Saudi Arabia.

- a. situated
- c. located

- b. holy
- d. permanent

43. Khalid's _____ is in Sharjah.

- a. lake
- thunderstorm
- c. region

- b.
- b. river

44. Egypt is a big country in the Middle East _____.

- a. feature
- c. region

- b. compass
- d. coastline

B. Classify the following words in the table below:

windy - island - fog - sand dune – snow - mountain

Natural features	Weather conditions

landscape - hospital - sunrise - experiment - laboratory

science	nature	safety

hypothesis – rainfall - laboratory - dust – sunrise -
data - vapour – conclusions - sunset - experiments

Scientific method	Natural events

Asia - mashes - Europe - coastline – Africa - desert

Contents	Landscape

the Equator - hypothesis - the Earth - row - experiment -
latitude - column - data - longitude - test - collect

Scientific method	Geography	Table

black - forest - grass - grey - island –
red - mountain - orange - blue – river

Natural features	Colors

3. Grammar

A) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :-

- 1- You can _____ this exercise at home .
a) completed
c) will complete
b) completing
d) complete
- 2- It always rains _____ September .
a) at
c) on
b) in
d) through
- 3- there are two things _____ affect temperature .
a) which
c) where
b) who
d) when
- 4- There _____ many rivers in Italy .
a) is
c) was
b) are
d) am
- 5- UAE lies _____ The Arabian Gulf .
a) in
c) on
b) at
d) with
- 6- He didn't get a driving license _____ he is too young .
a) because
c) from
b) or
d) and
- 7- Moscow is _____ than any Arab city .
a) cold
c) coldest
b) colder
d) not cold
- 8 - _____ does the sunrise in Abu Dhabi ? At 5 am .
a) where
c) when
b) how
d) why
- 9- Saudi Arabia _____ an area of about 5000,000 square kilometers.
a) cover
c) covered
b) covers
d) covering
- 10- The majority _____ the Arabian peninsula is desert .
a) of
c) at
b) in
d) to
- 11- In New York , January is the _____ month in the year .
a) wet
c) wettest
b) wetter
d) not wet
- 12- The Exam was very long _____ it is very easy .
a) so
c) but
b) because
d) or
- 13- We work 5 _____ a week .
a) day
c) daily
b) days
d) every day

14- There isn't _____ Fruit in the Fridge .

a) some

c) lot of

b) any

d)are

15- A long river runs _____ the city .

a- along

c- over

b- up

d- through

16- It is dangerous _____ fast.

a- driving

c- drive

b- you drive

d- to drive

17- Tokyo is the capital _____ Japan .

a- at

c- of

b- for

d- on

18- _____ a peninsula which contains Spain and Portugal.

a- There is

c- It is

b- There are

d- They are

19- You _____ drive too fast.

a- should not

c- not should

b- should don't

d- don't

20- The sun is high at midday _____ the temperature rises .

a- but

c- so

b- however

d- because

21- Bahrain is _____ Saudi Arabia and Qatar .

a- among

c- next

b- between

d- near

22- The UAE _____ is on the Arabian Gulf has 7 emirates .

a- when

c- who

b- which

d- where

23- We need to swim _____ here. It's dangerous.

a- down

c- away from

b- up

d- towards

24- Dubai is a big trading centre, _____ it has a large tourist industry.

a- and

c- so

b- whereas

d- but

25- _____ time does it rise in the UAE?

a- when

c- what

b- where

d- who

26- You _____ break the speed limit .

a- don't have to

c- doesn't have to

b- do must

d- must not

27- How high _____ above sea level ?

a- is

c- is the city

b- the city

d- the city is

28. At this moment, we _____ a letter.

- a. are writing
- c. writing

- b. wrote
- d. were writing

29. Our house _____ in 1990.

- a. is built
- c. was built

- b. built
- d. is building

30. I _____ my friend last week.

- a. meet
- c. will meet

- b. met
- d. was met

31. He used to _____ to school on foot.

- a. come
- c. coming

- b. came
- d. was coming

32. Next summer we _____ to visit Oman.

- a. going
- c. were going

- b. are going
- d. went

33. When did Rashid _____? AT 3:00 AM.

- a. arrive
- c. arrives

- b. arrived
- d. arriving

34. He works hard _____ he succeeded

- a. although
- c. but

- b. so
- d. yet

35. Can you tell me where _____?

- a. the hospital is
- c. the hospital

- b. is the hospital
- d. has the hospital

36- _____ a large desert in northern Saudi Arabia.

- a. There is
- c. They are

- b. There are
- d. It is

37. Sharjah is in the _____ of the country.

- a. central
- c. by

- b. centre
- d. with

38. The UAE is bordered _____ Oman and Saudi Arabia.

- a. of
- c. in

- b. by
- d. with

39. The Sun rises _____ the east.

- a. at
- c. of

- b. in
- d. for

40. Yemen is in the region _____ Middle East.

- a. of
- c. by

- b. in
- d. at

41. Egypt is a country _____ has a long history.

- a. who
- c. where

- b. that
- d. when

42. There are _____ permanent rivers in Oman.

- a. any
- c. not any

- b. not
- d. not some

43. Brazil _____ about 50% of the area of South America.

- a. is covering
- c. are covered

- b. covers
- d. is covered

44- _____ your mobile while you are driving.

- a) Not use
- c) Doesn't use

- b) Don't use
- d) Use not

45- My town is nice because _____ many parks and gardens.

- a) there is
- c) it is

- b) there are
- d) they are

46- A lot of countries are starting _____ young people about road safety.

- a) teach
- c) to teach

- b) teaches
- d) to teaching

47 – Do not get angry _____ other people(drivers).

- a) from
- c) of

- b) with
- d) on

48- _____ month of the year in many countries is July.

- a) Driest
- c) The dry

- b) Drier
- d) The driest

49- They are looking _____ new assistants to help them .

- a) after
- c) up

- b) from
- d) for

50- All teachers _____ three years' experience.

- a) must has
- c) must have

- b) can have
- d) can has

51- He _____ in 1997 .

- a- died
- c- dead

- b- was died
- d- dies

52- It _____ in a minute .

- a- is raining
- c- is going to rain

- b- rains
- d- rained

53- He is very tired _____ she went to sleep early.

- a- so
- c- but

- b- because
- d- also

54- His _____ ham _____ hard.

- a- study
- c- must studies

- b- must stu
- d- must studied

55- Most schools start _____ 8 to 2.

- a- in
- c- from

- b- and
- d- after

56- Last week, pupils _____ Very hard.

- a- work
- c- working

- b- works
- d- worked

57- Journalists _____ good with words.

- a- must
- c- must be

- b- mustn't
- d- will

58- She bought _____ orange juice because she was thirsty.

- a- an
- c- with

- b- a
- d- by

59- You must not _____ while you are driving.

- a- to read
- c- reading

- b- read
- d- reads

60- No, sorry. I'm afraid I _____.

- a. can
- c. is

- b. can't
- d. are

61- The UAE is close _____ Qatar.

- a. in
- c. to

- b. of
- d. at

62- How _____ is Muscat from the Equator?

- a. much
- c. many

- b. far
- d. long

63- Ali promised me _____ careful.

- a. being
- c. is

- b. to be
- d. are

64- Qatar and Kuwait _____ on the Arabian Golf.

- a. are located
- c. location

- b. is located
- d. have located

65- _____ month of the year in many countries is July.

- a- Driest
- c- The dry

- b- The drie
- d- The driest

66- What did he _____ yesterday after school?

- a- does
- c- did

- b- do
- d- doing

67- _____ does Muscat get hotter than Damascus?

- a. How long
- c. How far

- b. What
- d. Why

68- Riyadh is the Saudi capital, _____ Jeddah is the commercial centre.

- a. as
- c. or

- b. whereas
- d. in addition

69- Sunrise in Doha is at 5.44, but Damascus it is an hour _____.

- a. late
- c. later on

- b. later
- d. very late

70- How _____ is Tokyo above the sea level ?

a- height

c-high

b- much

d- many

71- You should take care _____ your young brothers when your father is out.

a- about

c- from

b- of

d- on

B) Re order the following words to make meaningful sentences

1- is / Riyadh / capital / the / Saudi

2- subject / My / favourit / English / is

3- Most / people / in towns / live

4- Do / some / help / you / need / home / work / with / your / ?

5- North / is / the opposite / South / of

6- sun / is / The / from / Light / white / the

7- the / month / January / wettest / is

8- is / in / An / a laboratory / experiment / a test

9- at / sky / ? / Why / sunset / the / is / red

10- sunrise / In / is / the / Muscat / on July 1st / at 5:22

11- answer / questions / am / to / trying / I / these

12- July / August / rainfall / in / no / all / is / There / at / and

13- witness / the / helps / the / police / crimes / investigate / to

14- cold / was / so / night / It / last

15- favourite / weather / is / What / type / your / of / ?

17- Manama / is / in / north / Bahrain / of / the

18- rise / does / the / in / Doha / when / sun / ?

19- to / criminal / sent / the / prison / is

- 20- angry / other / get / don't / drivers / with

- 21- is / can / see / as / we / January / month / wettest / the

- 22- two / affect / sunrise / of / time / the / that / factors / there / are

- 23- rises / sun / the / east / the / in

- 24- latitude / Earth / the / around / run / of / lines

- 25- give / you / me / could / hand / a / ?

- 26- month / coldest / the / is / January

- 72- south / is / There / small / a / lake

- 28- north / Jordan / the / Equator / is / of / located

- 29- There is / a steep / increase / rainfall / to / Dec. / Nov. / from

- 30- on / the / Italy / is / coast

- 31- very / Our / are / streets / crowded

- 32- follow / traffic / must / Drivers / signs / the

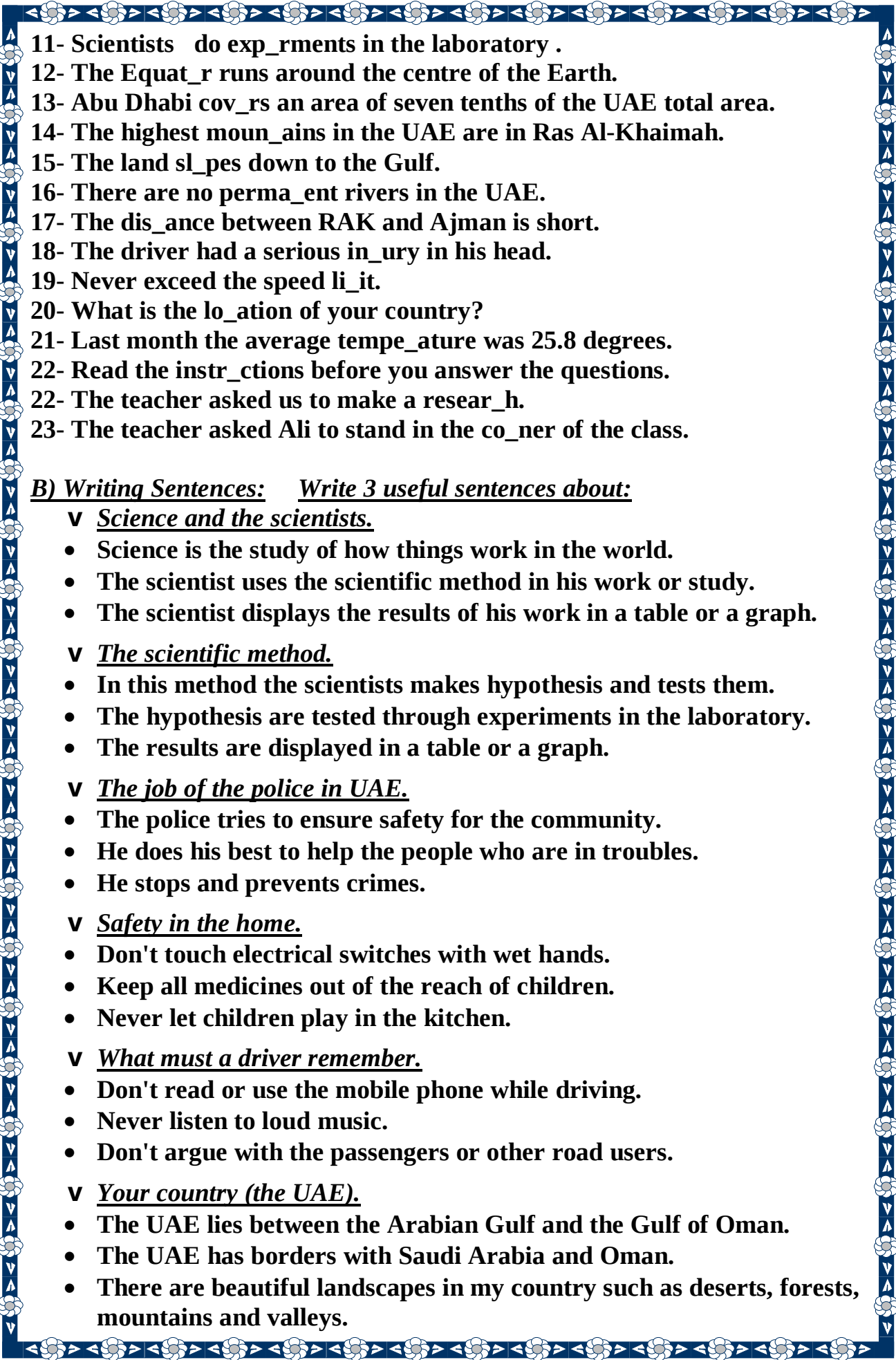
- 33- no / land / Bahrain / has / borders

34. Turkey / a large / Europe / is / in / country

4. Writing

A. Spelling: Add the missing letter

- 1- Ligh_ from the sun is white .
- 2-The air around us full of d_st .
- 3-Tempreture incre_se in August in the UAE.
- 4- Scientists use the scientific m_thod.
- 5- A gra_h is a figure with blocks and lines that represent the information.
- 6-There is a long co_stline along Oman .
- 7- I feel g_ilty when I hurt my friend's feeling
- 8- You shouldn't play with f_re.
- 9- The av_rage temperature in UAE is 35 degrees centigrade.
- 10- Water in clo_ds is called v_pour.

- 
- 11- Scientists do exp_rments in the laboratory .
 - 12- The Equat_r runs around the centre of the Earth.
 - 13- Abu Dhabi cov_rs an area of seven tenths of the UAE total area.
 - 14- The highest moun_ains in the UAE are in Ras Al-Khaimah.
 - 15- The land sl_pes down to the Gulf.
 - 16- There are no perma_ent rivers in the UAE.
 - 17- The dis_ance between RAK and Ajman is short.
 - 18- The driver had a serious in_ury in his head.
 - 19- Never exceed the speed li_it.
 - 20- What is the lo_ation of your country?
 - 21- Last month the average tempe_ature was 25.8 degrees.
 - 22- Read the instr_ctions before you answer the questions.
 - 22- The teacher asked us to make a resear_h.
 - 23- The teacher asked Ali to stand in the co_ner of the class.

B) Writing Sentences: Write 3 useful sentences about:

v Science and the scientists.

- Science is the study of how things work in the world.
- The scientist uses the scientific method in his work or study.
- The scientist displays the results of his work in a table or a graph.

v The scientific method.

- In this method the scientists makes hypothesis and tests them.
- The hypothesis are tested through experiments in the laboratory.
- The results are displayed in a table or a graph.

v The job of the police in UAE.

- The police tries to ensure safety for the community.
- He does his best to help the people who are in troubles.
- He stops and prevents crimes.

v Safety in the home.

- Don't touch electrical switches with wet hands.
- Keep all medicines out of the reach of children.
- Never let children play in the kitchen.

v What must a driver remember.

- Don't read or use the mobile phone while driving.
- Never listen to loud music.
- Don't argue with the passengers or other road users.

v Your country (the UAE).

- The UAE lies between the Arabian Gulf and the Gulf of Oman.
- The UAE has borders with Saudi Arabia and Oman.
- There are beautiful landscapes in my country such as deserts, forests, mountains and valleys.

✓ What should a good driver do?

- He should follow the three golden rules.
- He should expect the unexpected.
- He should concentrate and watch the road.

✓ What should not a good driver do?

- He should not speed.
- He should not use the mobile phone except for emergencies.
- He shouldn't get angry with people who behave badly on the road.

✓ The factors that affect the average temperature:

- Is the city is surrounded by mountains?
- Is the city is on the coast?
- How high is the city above sea-level?

C. Paragraph Writing:

Unit 4:

The weather in the UAE

The UAE is a very beautiful modern country. There are many places to visit and enjoy despite the weather conditions. The weather in UAE is very hot and humid in the summer and the temperature reaches 50C. The rest of the year, the weather is fine. The summer season extends six months, from May to October, but the highest temperature always is in July and August. The finest weather in the UAE is from December to March. The temperature in is between 20 and 30C. At night, the temperature is between 15 and 20C .

Natural event (Rain)

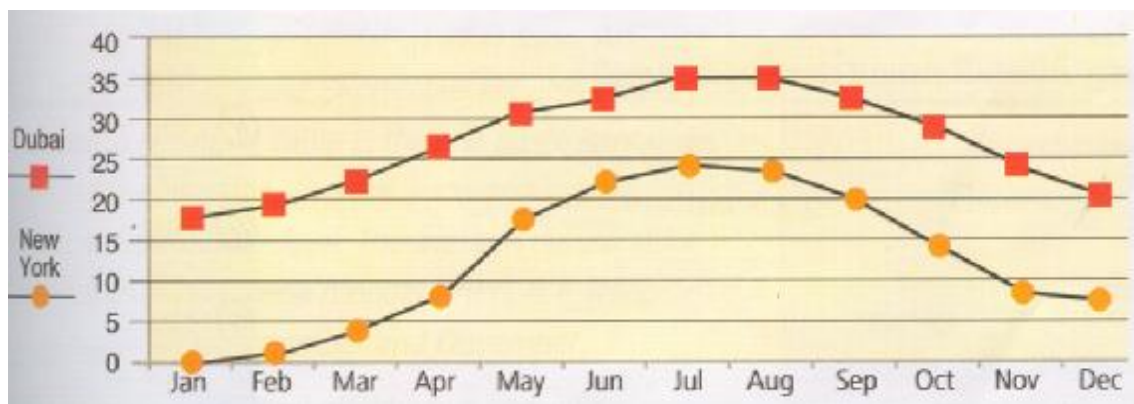
There are many natural events in the world like rain, rainbow, snow, thunder and many others. Rain, for example, is a part of the water cycle which is powered by the sun. When it heats up the surface of the area of water (rivers, seas, lakes), it turns into water vapour which gathers and forms clouds. Clouds move from areas of high pressure to areas of low pressure, it becomes bigger and bigger and full of water then it bursts and rain falls .

Study the following TABLE and write a paragraph about the temperature in Abu Dhabi.

This table shows the average temperature each month in Abu Dhabi. As you can see, January is the coldest month at 18.5 degrees. July and August are the hottest months. The average temperature in August is 34.4 but July is slightly hotter 34.6 degrees. There is a steady increase in temperature from February to July and a steady decrease in temperature

Month	Temperature Degree
January	18.5
February	19.5
March	22.6
April	26.7
May	31.0
June	32.7
July	34.6
August	34.4
September	32.4
October	29.0
November	24.5
December	20.4
TOTAL	326.3
AVERAGE	27.2

Study the following GRAPH and write a paragraph about the temperature in Dubai and New York.



This graph shows that the average monthly temperature in Dubai is much higher than in New York. There is a small increase in temperature from January to February. There is a steady increase in temperature from February to July. The hottest months are July and August. There is a steady decrease in temperature from September to December.

Study the following TABLE and write a paragraph about the average rainfall in Abu Dhabi.

This table shows the average monthly rainfall in Abu Dhabi. As you see, January is the wettest month while June, August and October are the driest months. There is no rainfall at all in June, August and October. May, July and September are also very dry, but there is some rainfall in these months. There is a steep decrease in rainfall from February to April. There is a steep increase in rainfall in November and December. The average rainfall in Abu Dhabi is 8.5 mm.

Month	mm
January	25.8
February	17.8
March	9.7
April	8.6
May	0.3
June	0.0
July	0.7
August	0.0
September	0.1
October	0.0
November	13.6
December	25.9
AVERAGE	8.5

My ambition:

When I finish my studies, I hope to be a famous scientist because I like science. Science is the study of how things work in the world. I want to work and do my experiments in a laboratory. Scientist is not satisfied just to think some thing is true, he must work hard to prove it. In this way, scientists are different from other people. Scientist follow the scientific method in their work or study. A scientist does his research in a library or nowadays on the internet. He displays the results of his work in a table or a graph.

Unit 5

My country The UAE

The UAE is a big country situated in the Middle East region. It is located in Asia. It is located between longitudes 51 and 65 east and latitudes 22 and 26 north. The capital is Abu Dhabi, it is in the west of the country. Other main cities are Dubai, Sharjah and Al-Ain. The UAE occupies an area of about 83,600 square km. It has borders with Saudi Arabia and Oman. Nearly half of the land area is deserts. There are no rivers in the UAE. There are 2 man-made lakes in Sharjah and in Kalba. There are huge mountains along the east coast of the country. The highest mountain is Jabal Hafit in Al-Ain. There are beautiful landscapes in my country such as deserts, forests, mountains and valleys. I believe that the UAE is worth visiting.

My Personal Profile

My name is (Name). I'm from the UAE. I live in Sharjah, Wadi Al-Hilo. It is a very beautiful village in the mountains. I'm a student in grade 9. I do well at school in all the study subjects. I love and respect my teachers. I'm a member in the school's English and scientific clubs. I'm the captain of the school's basketball team. I won many prizes. I also help the school administration to keep discipline in the school. I help and participate in all the school activities. Out of school, I'm a member in Kalba Youth Centre. I go there every day and practice my favourite hobbies. I always try to make use of my free time.

Unit 6

Accidents:

Accidents, anywhere, are mainly caused by carelessness. We all should do our best to ensure safety and avoid accidents or at least reduce the number of accidents either at home, at work, at school or in the streets. Safety needs much attention and care.

For example, road accidents are caused by the careless drivers who drive very fast, don't respect the traffic laws and don't have regular check on their cars.

We shouldn't forget the pedestrians who don't take care and don't use the zebra crossings when they cross the street. To avoid this, road users should be very careful.

Home accidents happens mainly in the kitchen by children who play with the sharp tools, matches, lighters and hot liquids. So, children should be away from the kitchen.

An Accident:

Once I was walking in the street with my friends when the accident happened. A small car was going along the main road. The driver was very careful in his driving, but he can't avoid the accident. A Nissan Patrol car came out of the side road quickly to the main road. The driver was busy with his mobile, so he hit the small car and turned it over twice. The small car was completely damaged and the driver was injured. He had a bad cut in his head and his arm broke. I phoned the police and the hospital. The ambulance arrived within 5 minutes and took the injured driver to the hospital. The police took the Nissan's driver to the police station started report the accident.

Safety in the community

Everyone looks for safety in his life. This means to be out of the dangers. The most important person who ensures safety to the community is the policeman. This man faces the dangers every day to help and save the others. He is fair to all the members of the community. He does his best to keep the country peaceful and puts the laws into action. Some policemen work in the streets while others work in offices to investigate crimes and puts criminals in prison. His job, in the first place, is to stop the crime from happening and investigating crimes. He is allowed to do certain things to help him in his job. He has the right to stop any driver who doesn't follow or respect the traffic rules.

Safety at home:

Safety is very important for all of us either at home, at work, at school or in the streets. In general, safety is needed every where. Our homes are a part of our safety. Parents should do their best to keep their homes out of dangers. Accidents at home happen mainly because of carelessness. To achieve this, parents especially the mother, should take care of the following. Kitchen tools and hot food or water should be away of children. Medicine should be kept out of the reach of children. Electric wires should be covered in a good way and three-pin plugs should be used. Never leave iron switched on. Gas stoves should be kept out aside. Matches and lighters should be kept away from children as they may cause fire or burn themselves. Finally, I say that home safety needs much attention and care.